

# Shift Registers

Tom Kelliher, CS 240

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## 1 Administrivia

**Announcements**

**Assignment**

Read 7-6, 7-11.

**From Last Time**

Registers

**Outline**

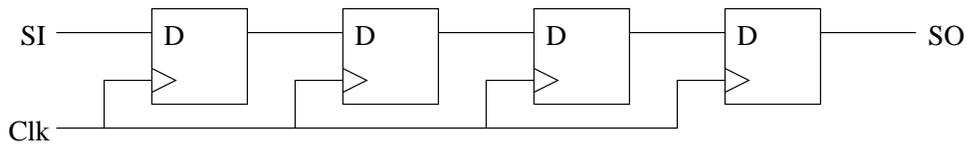
1. Shift registers defined.
2. Serial Addition.
3. VHDL

**Coming Up**

Counters

## 2 Shift registers defined

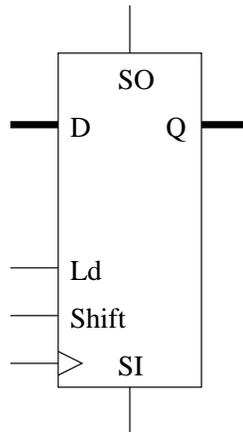
1. Why is a parallel register *parallel*?
2. So, we would expect a shift (serial) register to look like:



SO = SI four clocks later.

Using 2-1 muxes, how would you modify this to incorporate a shift control signal?

3. Parallel register with shift:



D and Q are buses.

## 3 Serial Addition

1. Suppose you have two serial bit streams, A and B. Design a serial adder using one one bit full adder and one D flip-flop.

If A and B are  $n$  bits, the output can be how many bits?

2. Suppose A and B are shifted in on a single bit line. Is it possible for us to do the addition? (One shift register needed.)
3. What does a left shift by one do to the value of an unsigned number?

Use this to design a sequential circuit which takes A as serial input and outputs 3A.

## 4 VHDL for Serial Registers

Parallel load, shift left or right, hold.

```
-- Parallel load shift register.  Shift left or right.
-- Mode bits:
--   00: hold
--   01: load
--   10: shift left (toward msb)
--   11: shift right (toward lsb)
--
-- msi: most significant shift in.
-- lsi: least significant shift in.

library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;

entity shift_reg is

    port (
        d          : in  std_logic_vector (31 downto 0);
        mode       : in  std_logic_vector (1 downto 0);
        clk, reset_n : in  std_logic;
        msi, lsi   : in  std_logic;
        q          : out std_logic_vector (31 downto 0));

end shift_reg;

architecture behavioral of shift_reg is

    signal state : std_logic_vector (31 downto 0);

begin -- behavioral
```

```

q <= state;                                -- Update output.

state_register: process (clk, reset_n)
begin -- process state_register
  if reset_n = '0' then                    -- asynchronous reset (active low)
    state <= X"00000000";
  elsif clk'event and clk = '1' then      -- rising clock edge
    if mode = "00" then                    -- Hold.
      state <= state;
    elsif mode = "01" then                -- Load.
      state <= d;
    elsif mode = "10" then                -- Shift left.
      state <= state (30 downto 0) & lsi;
    else                                   -- Shift right.
      state <= msi & state (31 downto 1);
    end if;
  end if;
end process state_register;

end behavioral;

```