

# VHDL I

Tom Kelliher, CS 240

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## 1 Administrivia

### Announcements

Exam Friday.

### Assignment

### From Last Time

Carry-lookahead and signed-digit addition.

### Outline

1. VHDL program structure.
2. Structural VHDL.
3. Class practice.

### Coming Up

VHDL II.

## 2 VHDL Program Structure

VHDL is **case insensitive!!**

1. Structure of a VHDL program:

```
Library includes;  
Entity declaration;  
Architectural definition of entity;
```

2. Library includes:

```
-- This is a comment.  
library ieee, lcdf_vhdl;  
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all, lcdf_vhdl_.func_prims.all;
```

Reserved words: library, use, .all.

Similar to import, include statements.

3. Entity declaration:

```
entity entity_name is  
    port(i0, i1, i2 : in std_logic;  
         o0          : out std_logic);  
end entity_name;
```

Reserved words: entity, is, port, in, out, end.

Note that `entity_name` follows `end`.

4. Architectural definition of entity:

```
architecture arch_name of entity_name is  
  
    component declarations;  
    signal declarations;  
  
    begin  
        VHDL statements;  
    end arch_name;
```

Reserved words: architecture, of, begin.

`entity_name` must match. `arch_name` is just a “place holder” — possible to describe an entity with multiple architectures.

Again, note that `arch_name` follows `end`.

5. Component declaration:

```
component component_name
  port(i0, i1 : in std_logic;
        o0    : out std_logic);
end component;
```

Reserved words: component.

Like base class declarations in C++.

6. Signal declarations:

```
signal s0, s1, s2 : std_logic;
```

Similar to variable declarations.

### 3 Structural VHDL

1. Describes structure of a circuit — similar to netlist. Low-level description.

2. Example: Three input EXOR.

Equation:  $\bar{i}_2 \bar{i}_1 i_0 + \bar{i}_2 i_1 \bar{i}_0 + i_2 \bar{i}_1 \bar{i}_0 + i_2 i_1 i_0$

VHDL:

```
library ieee, lcdf_vhdl;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all, lcdf_vhdl.func_prims.all;

entity EXOR2 is
  port(i2, i1, i0 : in std_logic;
        o          : out std_logic);
```

```
end EXOR2;
```

arch structural of EXOR2 is

```
component NOT1
  port(in1 : in std_logic;
        out1 : out std_logic);
end component;

component NAND3
  port(in1, in2, in3 : in std_logic;
        out1          : out std_logic);
end component;

component NAND4
  port(in1, in2, in3, in4 : in std_logic;
        out1              : out std_logic);
end component;

signal i2_n, i1_n, i0_n, t3, t2, t1, t0 : std_logic;

begin

  g0: NOT1 port map(i2, i2_n);
  g1: NOT1 port map(i1, i1_n);
  g2: NOT1 port map(i0, i0_n);

  g3: NAND3 port map(i2_n, i1_n, i0, t3);
  g4: NAND3 port map(i2_n, i1, i0_n, t2);
  g5: NAND3 port map(i2, i1_n, i0_n, t1);
  g6: NAND3 port map(i2, i1, i0, t0);

  g7: NAND4 port map(t3, t2, t1, t0, o);

end structural;
```

## 4 Class Practice

Write structural VHDL for carry bit of full adder.