Binary Logic, Gates, and Boolean Algebra

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1 Administrivia

Announcements

Assignment

Read 2.3–4.

From Last Time

Introduction

Outline

- 1. Binary logic and Gates.
- 2. Boolean Algebra.

Coming Up

Standard forms, maps, and minimization.

2 Binary Logic and Gates

- 1. Fundamental operators and their symbols:
 - (a) AND
 - (b) OR
 - (c) NOT
- 2. NAND is complete.
- 3. Gate fan-in and fan-out. Electrical significance.
- 4. Timing diagram.
 - (a) Frequency and period.
 - (b) Timing diagrams. Show AND, OR, NOT waveforms for input: A: 0011, B: 0101.
 - (c) What do the waveforms really look like: propagation delay, noise, under- and over-shoot.

3 Boolean Algebra

- Boolean functions can be represented by equations, truth tables, or logic circuits. How do you convert from one form to another? How many rows in the truth table of an *n*-input Boolean function?
- 2. Why would we want to simplify a Boolean equation?
- 3. Basic Identities:

1. $X + 0 = X$	$2. X \cdot 1 = X$
3. $X + 1 = 1$	$4. X \cdot 0 = 0$
5. $X + X = X$	$6. X \cdot X = X$
7. $X + \overline{X} = 1$	8. $X \cdot \overline{X} = 0$
9. $\overline{\overline{X}} = X$	
10. X + Y = Y + X	11. $XY = YX$
12. $X + (Y + Z) = (X + Y) + Z$	13. $X(YZ) = (XY)Z$
14. $X(Y+Z) = XY + YZ$	15. $X + YZ = (X + Y)(X + Z)$
16. $\overline{X+Y} = \overline{X} \cdot \overline{Y}$	17. $\overline{X \cdot Y} = \overline{X} + \overline{Y}$

4 Exercises

Example simplification. Use Boolean manipulation to show: $Y + \overline{X}Z + X\overline{Y} = X + Y + Z$