

Affine

A frame is a basis (coordinate system) and a "designated point" — the origin.

A frame is designated as

$\vec{f^t}$

\nearrow

bold in print

Translation is affine, not linear

All linear transformations are affine.

The converse is not true.

Vectors and points are expressed as 4-tuples (pg. 22)

All transformations are expressed as 4×4 matrices (Sections 3.2 and 3.3)

(2)

The factorization of an Affine transformation into linear (rotation) and translational components :

$$A = T L$$

in Section 3.5 is Key.