# Unix Lab III 

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Sept. 23, 2002

## 1 Administrivia

## Announcements

Class diagrams and use case diagrams due Wednesday.

## Assignment

Read SE Chapter 4.

## From Last Time

Unix Lab II.

## Outline

1. Discussion of Unix characteristics.
2. Unix Lab III.

## Coming Up

Product design.

## 2 Unix

When starting out, the most important command: man. As in:

- man man
- man -k g++


### 2.1 Common Trip-Ups

1. The Delete key doesn't work.
2. There are suspended jobs.
3. The path component separator: /, not $\backslash$.
4. The arrow keys and other cursor positioning keys.
5. Those "funny" keystroke sequences in emacs.
6. Toggling between emacs and the shell.
7. Forgetting your Unix text when you're working.

### 2.2 Anatomy of a Command

1s -aCF
ls -a -C -F ~kelliher/pub
1s -1 ~
cat Class/Cs245/Exams/evil.tex
w | grep sabbott
kill 'ps gaxuw | grep sabbott | awk '\{ print \$2 \}''

```
javac Prog.java
java Prog < input > output
rm *
rm -i *
alias rm 'rm -i'
less .cshrc .login
```


### 2.3 Unix Concepts

1. Your userid and group.
2. Your home directory.
3. The filesystem; navigation: ., . .
4. Relative, absolute pathnames.
5. Directory commands: cd, mkdir, rmdir, pwd, ls.
6. Filenames; wildcards, abbreviations.
7. File commands: rm, less, cp, mv.
8. File permissions.
9. The superuser.
10. Processes.
11. Environment and shell variables: PRINTER, PAGER, EDITOR.
12. The shell.
13. Getting help: man, your Unix book.
14. .cshrc, . $\operatorname{login}$, .twmrc, and .xinitrc.

### 2.4 Lab

Write a Java application to solve the following problem.

The sieve of Eratosthenes is one of the earliest algorithms for generating prime numbers between 2 and $n$. It works as follows. Using an array with a maximum index of $n$, mark all numbers as being prime (array[i] is the indication that the number i is prime or non-prime). Mark all numbers which are multiples of two as being non-prime. Repeat for three, four, ..., $(n+1) / 2$. Finally, print all numbers which are still marked as prime.

Write a program which prints the primes less than or equal to 100.

