Shift Registers

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1 Administrivia

Announcements

Assignment due NOW!

Assignment

Read 7-6, 7-10.

Distribute final assignment.

From Last Time

Registers

Outline

1. Shift registers defined.

2. Serial Addition.

3. VHDL
2 Shift registers defined

1. Why is a parallel register *parallel*?

2. So, we would expect a shift (serial) register to look like:

   ![Shift Register Diagram]

   SO = SI four clocks later.

   Using 2-1 muxes, how would you modify this to incorporate a shift control signal?

3. Parallel register with shift:

   ![Parallel Register Diagram]

   D and Q are buses.
3  Serial Addition

1. Suppose you have two serial bit streams, A and B. Design a serial adder using one one bit full adder and one D flip-flop.

   If A and B are \( n \) bits, the output can be how many bits?

2. Suppose A and B are shifted in on a single bit line. Is it possible for us to do the addition? (One shift register needed.)

3. What does a left shift by one do to the value of an unsigned number?

   Use this to design a sequential circuit which takes A as serial input and outputs 3A.

4  VHDL for Serial Registers

Parallel load, shift left or right, hold.

```
-- Parallel load shift register. Shift left or right.
-- Mode bits:
--   00: hold
--   01: load
-- 10: shift left (toward msb)
-- 11: shift right (toward lsb)
--
-- msi: most significant shift in.
-- lsi: least significant shift in.

library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;

entity shift_reg is
  port ( 
    d          : in   std_logic_vector (31 downto 0);
    mode       : in   std_logic_vector (1 downto 0);
    clk, reset_n : in   std_logic;
    msi, lsi   : in   std_logic;
    q          : out  std_logic_vector (31 downto 0));

end entity shift_reg;
```

end shift_reg;

architecture behavioral of shift_reg is

  signal state : std_logic_vector (31 downto 0);

begin  -- behavioral

  q <= state;  -- Update output.

  state_register: process (clk, reset_n)
  begin  -- process state_register
    if reset_n = '0' then  -- asynchronous reset (active low)
      state <= X"00000000";
    elsif clk'event and clk = '1' then  -- rising clock edge
      if mode = "00" then  -- Hold.
        state <= state;
      elsif mode = "01" then  -- Load.
        state <= d;
      elsif mode = "10" then  -- Shift left.
        state <= state (30 downto 0) & lsi;
      else  -- Shift right.
        state <= msi & state (31 downto 1);
      end if;
    end if;
  end process state_register;

end behavioral;