VHDL for Sequential Circuits

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1 Administrivia

Announcements

Rest of homework due Friday.

Assignment

Read 5-1,2.

From Last Time

Sequential circuit design.

Outline

1. Modified serial comparator.

2. VHDL for serial comparator.

3. Exercise.
Coming Up

Registers

2 Modified Serial Comparator

Inputs: A, B, (no more msb). A and B are received least significant bit first. Output 0 if A ≥ B, otherwise 1.

Reset to S0 on reset.

State diagram:

```
S0: a >= b
S1: b > a
```

3 VHDL for Serial Comparator

Things to observe:

1. Flip-flop implementation: reset priority, event, rising edge sensitive.

2. If and case — sequential statements — are valid only within a process.

3. Concurrent assignment is a “process.”

4. Semantics of a process: sensitivity list, assignments:

   `b <= a;`
   
   `c <= b;`

   does not behave as it would in C.
5. VHDL architecture broken into three processes:

(a) State storage.

(b) Next state generation.

(c) Output generation.

Compare process inputs to sensitivity lists.

-- VHDL for serial comparator. The inputs a and b are input lsb first.
-- The Mealy machine uses rising edge sensitive flip-flops and an
-- asynchronous active low reset.
--
-- The output is 1 if b > a, otherwise 0.

library ieee;
use ieee.std_logic_1164.all;

entity comparator is
  port
    (a, b, clk, reset : in std_logic;
     o : out std_logic);
end comparator;

architecture process_defn of comparator is

  -- Two states needed.
  type state_type is (S0, S1);
-- State assignment.
attribute enum_encoding : string;
attribute enum_encoding of state_type :
    type is "0 1";

signal state, next_state : state_type;

-- For convenience, concatenate a and b.
signal inputs : std_logic_vector (1 downto 0);

begin

-- Concurrent assignment executes the rhs changes.
-- Concatenate a and b into inputs.
inputs <= a & b;

-- Processes execute whenever something on their sensitivity list
-- changes. All assignments take place when the process exits.
--
-- This process implements the D flip-flop.
state_register : process (clk, reset)
begin
    -- If/else construct only valid within a process.
    if (reset = '0') then
        state <= S0;
    elsif (clk'event AND clk = '1') then
        state <= next_state;
    end if;
end process;

-- This process computes the next state.
next_state_process : process (inputs, state)
begin
    case state is
        when S0 =>
            if (inputs = "01") then
                next_state <= S1;
            else
                next_state <= S0;
            end if;
    end case;
end process;
when S1 =>
    if (inputs = "10") then
        next_state <= S0;
    else
        next_state <= S1;
    end if;
end case;
end process;

-- This process computes the output.

output_process : process (inputs, state)
begin
    case state is
        when S0 =>
            if (inputs = "01") then
                o <= '1';
            else
                o <= '0';
            end if;
        when S1 =>
            if (inputs = "10") then
                o <= '0';
            else
                o <= '1';
            end if;
    end case;
end process;
end process_defn;

4 Exercise

Serial comparator. Inputs: A, B. A and B are received most significant bit first. Reset to initial state on reset. Output 0 if A \geq B, otherwise 1.