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1: /*
2:  * pong.cpp
3:  * This is a simple double buffered program.
4:  * Use the left and right arrow keys to move the paddle.
5:  * Use the home key to re-center the paddle and return the ball "home."
6:  * The beginnings of the classic video game. I say "The beginnings"
7:  * because this program doesn't perform any collision detection or response.
8:  */
9:
10:
11: #include <unistd.h>
12: #include "Angel.h"
13:
14:
15: const int SLICES = 72; // For generating the circle's vertices.
16:
17:
18: /* When drawing, we need to switch between the VAO for the paddle and the
19:  * ball, hence we need global variables for holding the VAO handles.
20:  */
21:
22: vec3 paddlePos(0.0, -47.5, 0.0); // Initial position.
23: vec3 paddleVel(5.0, 0.0, 0.0); // Magnitude of velocity when moving
24:                                * the paddle left or right.
25:                                */
26: vec4 paddleCol(1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0); // Color.
27: GLuint paddleVAO;
28:
29:
30: const vec3 START_POS(0.0, 0.0, 0.0);
31: const vec3 START_VEL(0.1, 0.5, 0.0);
32: vec3 ballPos = START_POS;
33: vec3 ballVel = START_VEL;
34: vec4 ballCol(1.0, 1.0, 1.0, 1.0);
35: GLuint ballVAO;
36:
37:
38: /* Handles for uniform variables in the vertex shader. */
39:
40: GLuint projection;
41: GLuint model_view;
42: GLuint vColor;
43:
44:
45: /* Creates a VAO and buffers vertices for a circle centered at the origin
46:  * in the z = 0.0 plane. loc is the handle for vPosition in the vertex
47:  * shader. Returns the VAO handle.
48:  */
49:
50: GLuint createCircle(GLfloat radius, GLuint loc)
51: {
52:     GLuint vao, buffer;
53:
54:     vec3 points[SLICES];
55:     GLfloat angle = 0.0;
56:     GLfloat sliceAngle = 2.0 * M_PI / (GLfloat) SLICES;
57:
58:     for (int i = 0; i < SLICES; i++)
59:     {
60:         points[i] = radius * vec3(cos(angle), sin(angle), 0.0);
61:         angle += sliceAngle;
62:     }
63: }
```

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64:   glVertexArrays(1, &vao);
65:   glBindVertexArray(vao);
66:
67:   glGenBuffers(1, &buffer);
68:   glBindBuffer(GL_ARRAY_BUFFER, buffer);
69:
70:   glBufferData(GL_ARRAY_BUFFER, sizeof(points),
71:               points, GL_STATIC_DRAW);
72:
73:   glEnableVertexAttribArray(loc);
74:   glVertexAttribPointer(loc, 3, GL_FLOAT, GL_FALSE, 0,
75:                         BUFFER_OFFSET(0));
76:
77:   return vao;
78: }
79:
80:
81: void display(void)
82: {
83:     mat4 mv;    /* Model view matrix */
84:
85:     glClear(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT);
86:
87:     // Draw the paddle.
88:
89:     glBindVertexArray(paddleVAO);
90:     glUniform4fv(vColor, 1, paddleCol);
91:     mv = Translate(paddlePos);
92:     glUniformMatrix4fv(model_view, 1, GL_TRUE, mv);
93:     glDrawArrays(GL_TRIANGLE_FAN, 0, 4);
94:
95:     // Draw the ball.
96:
97:     glBindVertexArray(ballVAO);
98:     glUniform4fv(vColor, 1, ballCol);
99:     mv = Translate(ballPos);
100:    glUniformMatrix4fv(model_view, 1, GL_TRUE, mv);
101:    glDrawArrays(GL_TRIANGLE_FAN, 0, SLICES);
102:
103:    glutSwapBuffers();
104: }
105:
106:
107: void init(void)
108: {
109:     /* Vertices for the paddle, centered at the origin. Ultimately,
110:      * these will be buffered, hence we use a local array.
111:      */
112:
113:     vec3 points[4] = { vec3(-10.0, -2.5, 0.0), vec3(10.0, -2.5, 0.0),
114:                       vec3(10.0, 2.5, 0.0), vec3(-10.0, 2.5, 0.0)
115:                     };
116:
117:     glClearColor (0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0);
118:     glShadeModel (GL_FLAT);
119:
120:     /* Compile, link, and bind the shader programs. */
121:
122:     GLuint program = InitShader("vshader.glsl", "fshader.glsl");
123:     glUseProgram(program);
124:
125:     /* Get the locations of the uniform variables in the vertex shader.
126:      * Because we'll be updating these values throughout the execution of
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127:     * the program, these variables are all global.  Because we're not
128:     * loading differing projection matrices into the vertex shader,
129:     * we really don't need a global for the projection variable, but
130:     * setting it up this way would allow us to adjust to aspect ratio
131:     * changes at a later time.
132:     */
133:
134:     vColor = glGetUniformLocation(program, "vColor");
135:     model_view = glGetUniformLocation(program, "model_view");
136:     projection = glGetUniformLocation(program, "projection");
137:
138:     // Get the location of the vertex shader's vPosition input.
139:
140:     GLuint vPosition = glGetAttribLocation(program, "vPosition");
141:
142:     // Create a VAO for the paddle and buffer its vertices.
143:
144:     glGenVertexArrays(1, &paddleVAO);
145:     glBindVertexArray(paddleVAO);
146:
147:     GLuint buffer;
148:     glGenBuffers(1, &buffer);
149:     glBindBuffer(GL_ARRAY_BUFFER, buffer);
150:     glBufferData(GL_ARRAY_BUFFER, sizeof(points), points, GL_STATIC_DRAW);
151:
152:     glEnableVertexAttribArray(vPosition);
153:     glVertexAttribPointer(vPosition, 3, GL_FLOAT, GL_FALSE, 0,
154:                           BUFFER_OFFSET(0));
155:
156:     /* Create a VAO for the ball, buffering its vertices. */
157:
158:     ballVAO = createCircle(5.0, vPosition);
159: }
160:
161:
162: void reshape(int w, int h)
163: {
164:     mat4 p;    /* Projection matrix */
165:
166:     glViewport (0, 0, (GLsizei) w, (GLsizei) h);
167:
168:     p = Ortho(-50.0, 50.0, -50.0, 50.0, -1.0, 1.0);
169:     glUniformMatrix4fv(projection, 1, GL_TRUE, p);
170: }
171:
172:
173: void keyboard(int key, int x, int y)
174: {
175:     // Limited here by keyboard repeat rate.
176:
177:     switch (key)
178:     {
179:     case GLUT_KEY_LEFT:
180:         paddlePos -= paddleVel;
181:         break;
182:
183:     case GLUT_KEY_RIGHT:
184:         paddlePos += paddleVel;
185:         break;
186:
187:     case GLUT_KEY_HOME:
188:         paddlePos = vec3(0.0, -47.5, 0.0);
189:         ballPos = START_POS;
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190:     ballVel = START_VEL;
191:         break;
192:
193:     default:
194:         break;
195:     }
196:
197:     /* Presumably, we've moved the paddle, so redraw the scene. */
198:
199:     glutPostRedisplay();
200: }
201:
202:
203: /* Check for collisions, and respond, and update the ball's position.
204:  * Collision response is naive --- simply negate the affected velocity
205:  * component.  When the paddle is struck, the velocity is increased by
206:  * 15%, and then the velocity's x component is increased by another 10%.
207:  */
208:
209: void idle(void)
210: {
211:     /* Handle paddle collisions. */
212:     if (ballPos.y - 5.0 <= -45.0
213:         && ballPos.x >= paddlePos.x - 10.0
214:         && ballPos.x <= paddlePos.x + 10.0)
215:     {
216:         ballVel.y = -ballVel.y;
217:         ballVel *= 1.15;
218:         ballVel.x *= 1.1;
219:     }
220:
221:     /* Handle collisions with side walls. */
222:
223:     if (ballPos.x + 5.0 >= 50.0 || ballPos.x - 5.0 <= -50.0)
224:         ballVel.x = -ballVel.x;
225:
226:     /* Handle collisions with top wall. */
227:
228:     if (ballPos.y + 5.0 >= 50.0)
229:         ballVel.y = -ballVel.y;
230:
231:     /* Handle the ball exiting the field of play via the screen bottom. */
232:
233:     if (ballPos.y + 5.0 <= -50.0)
234:     {
235: #ifdef WIN32
236:         Sleep(1000);
237: #else
238:         sleep(1);
239: #endif
240:         ballPos = START_POS;
241:         ballVel = START_VEL;
242:     }
243:
244:     ballPos += ballVel;
245:     glutPostRedisplay();
246: }
247:
248:
249: /*
250:  * Request double buffer display mode.
251:  * Register "special" input callback functions for arrow and home keys.
252:  */
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253:
254: int main(int argc, char** argv)
255: {
256:     glutInit(&argc, argv);
257:     glutInitDisplayMode (GLUT_DOUBLE | GLUT_RGB);
258:     glutInitWindowSize (500, 500);
259:     glutInitWindowPosition (100, 100);
260:     glutInitContextVersion(3, 2);
261:     glutInitContextProfile(GLUT_CORE_PROFILE);
262:     glutCreateWindow ("Pong");
263:
264:     glewExperimental = GL_TRUE;
265:     glewInit();
266:
267:     init ();
268:
269:     glutDisplayFunc(display);
270:     glutReshapeFunc(reshape);
271:     glutSpecialFunc(keyboard);
272:     glutIdleFunc(idle);
273:
274:     glutMainLoop();
275:
276:     return 0;
277: }
```