Introduction

Tom Kelliher, CS 220 Sept. 3, 2003

1 Administrivia

Announcements

Assignment

Read 1.1–2 of Mano.

Outline

- 1. Syllabus.
- 2. Big picture: architecture of a PC.
- 3. Tiny picture: current, voltage, etc.

Coming Up

Number Systems.

2 Syllabus

3 Big Picture

Block diagram of a PC, centered on system bus chip.

Include: keyboard, mouse, monitor, disk, CD, modem, network card, sound.

Terms (define): ISA, PCI, AGP, front side, etc. MHz, bandwidth, b, B, etc.

Why so many buses?

4 Electrical Level Considerations

Why are computers digital?

What number system do they use?

Consider a circuit containing a power source, a resistor, and a capacitor, all in parallel.

- 1. Voltage.
- 2. Current.
- 3. Capacitance.
- 4. Resistance.

How do we represent 0 and 1? Voltage. Or current.

Logic levels for SN7400 5 V part (see class home page for data sheet):

- 1. VoH: 2.4 V min
- 2. VoL: 0.4 V max

3. ViH: 2.0 V min

4. ViL: 0.8 V max

Why the discrepancy on input/output voltages?

Example: 7400 two-input NAND gate waveform. Note voltage vs. time.

Why is digital logic binary?