# Sequential Circuit Analysis

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## 1 Administrivia

#### Announcements

Forget about the waveform diagrams — make sure you understand the characteristics tables on pg. 199.

#### Assignment

For Friday do problems 4-10, 4-13, and 4-14. Ungraded, but you are responsible for that material. I will not be in.

For Monday read 4-5,6.

### From Last Time

Flip-Flops and waveforms. And a lot of confusion.

#### Outline

- 1. Reverse engineering a sequential circuit.
- 2. Input equations, state tables, and state diagrams.

3. Example problems.

#### Coming Up

Sequential circuit design.

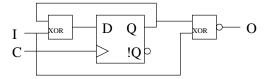
### 2 Reverse Engineering Sequential Circuits

Analysis = reverse engineering.

One doesn't ordinarily do this, but doing so will help with sequential circuit design.

## 3 Input Equations, State Tables, and State Diagrams

Consider the following sequential circuit:



What does it do — high level?

What happens if we use !Q as the input to the NEXOR rather than Q?

Mealy (this circuit) vs. Moore machines.

### 3.1 Input Equations

What are the equations for O and D (input equation)?

Do these differ that much from anything we've already seen?

### 3.2 State Tables

State tables are similar to truth tables, with two additions:

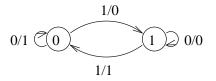
- 1. Present state inputs flip-flop outputs.
- 2. Next state outputs derived from input equations for flip-flops.

Present State	Ι	Next State	0
0	0	0	1
0	1	1	0
1	0	1	0
1	1	0	1

### 3.3 State Diagrams

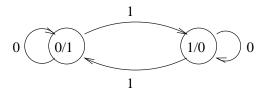
Conveys same information as state table, in a visual form.

State diagram for our example (Mealy):

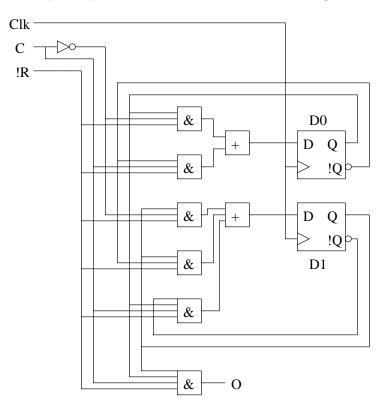


How do I read this?

Moore machine example:



# 4 Example



Determine input and output equations, state table, and state diagram for this circuit:

Is this Mealy or Moore?